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August 15, 2001

Mike Stevenson, Sr. Geologist Ark Land Company HC 35 Box 380 Helper, Utah 84526

Re: Conditional Approval of Dugout and Pace Canyon Exploration, Canyon Fuel Company,

Inc., Dugout Mine, CAMOSSEX01B-1, OF File

Dear Mr. Stevenson:

The above-referenced Letter of Intent to conduct minor exploration has been reviewed. This project is conditionally approved with one stipulation. The permittee may only conduct drilling of DT-2 after August 31 but prior to March 1 or a survey must be conducted to verify that no Saw-Whet Owl nest occurs within 300 meters of the drill pad. Please notify the Division within 15 days of receipt of this letter if you plan to conduct the survey or do the drilling within the specified time frames.

If you have any questions, please call me at (801) 538-5268 or Stephen J. Demczak at (435) 613-5242.

Sincerely

Pamela Grubaugh-Littig

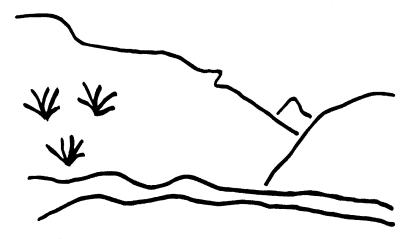
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cc: Rick Olsen, CFC
Price Field Office

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State of Utah



Utah Oil Gas and Mining

Coal Regulatory Program

Dugout Canyon Mine
Dugout and Pace Canyon
C/007/039-EX01B-1
Minor Coal Exploration Analysis & Findings
August 13, 2001
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INTRODUCTION

Canyon Fuel Company has submitted a Notice of Intent to conduct exploration for the Dugout Mine. The proposed exploration area covers lands in Carbon County, Utah within the Dugout Mine permit area. Canyon Fuel Company plans to complete up to seven exploration drill holes and one seismic survey to evaluate the reserves and quality of the coal seams within the Blackhawk Formation. The permittee estimates that the extraction of coal will be less than 250 tons. Of the seven holes, two are on private land and have Utah State mineral rights. The other five holes are on private land and have Federal mineral rights status. This technical analysis will only cover the three drill holes that have Utah State mineral rights status. The BLM has jurisdiction over the other drill hole sites. Canyon Fuel plans to conduct a seismic investigation that has a distance of 9,500 feet. The seismic investigation will be conducted above Federal coal and, therefore, falls under the review of the BLM.

The two drill holes that are to be considered in this technical review are DT-1 and DT-2. Drill hole DT-1 is scheduled to be drilled in 2001. Drill hole DT-2 is scheduled to be drilled in the summer of 2002. The drilling depths of the holes, which are under the jurisdiction of DOGM, will be 750 feet for DT-1 and 2,135 feet for DT-2.

All required P.E. certification were signed by David Spillman, Badge Number 151610 for the Notice of Intent to Conduct Minor Exploration at Dugout and Pace Canyon areas in Carbon County, Utah.

INTRODUCTION

SUMMARY OF PERMIT CONDITIONS

SUMMARY OF PERMIT CONDITIONS

As determined in the analysis and findings of this Technical Analysis, approval of the plan is subject to the following Permit Conditions. The applicant is subject to compliance with the following Permit Conditions and has committed to comply with the requirements of these conditions as referenced in the approved Permit.

Accordingly, the permittee has committed to comply with the requirements of the following Permit Conditions, as specified, and in accordance with the requirements of:

R645-2	202-231, drilling of DT-2 is limited to after August 31 but prior to March 1 or a
	survey may be conducted to be sure no saw-whet owl nest occurs within 300
	meters of the drill pad

Page 4 C/007/039-EX01B-1 August 13, 2001

SUMMARY OF PERMIT CONDITIONS

COAL EXPLORATION

Regulatory Reference: R645-200.

SCOPE AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Regulatory Reference: 30 CFR 772.1; 30 CFR 772.10; 30 CFR 772.11; R645-100-400; R645-200-100; R645-200-200; R645-201-100.

Minimum Requirements:

minor coal exploration during which 250 Tons coal or less will be removed require Division approval under R645-201-200 requirements.

Analysis:

The permittee has estimated the total extraction of coal from the three drill holes will be 315 lbs. This is significantly less than the 250 ton maximum requirement.

Findings:

By mining less than 250 tons of coal, the permittee has met the requirement for this project to be classified as a minor coal exploration by mining less than 250 tons of coal.

REQUIREMENTS FOR NOTICE OF INTENTION TO CONDUCT MINOR COAL EXPLORATION

Regulatory Reference: 30 CFR 772.10; 30 CFR 772.11; R645-100-412; R645-201-200

Minimum Requirements:

For exploration removing ≤ 250 tons coal, the notice of intent shall include

- 1. the name, address, and telephone number of the person seeking to explore and of the person' representative who will be present at and responsible for conducting the exploration activities.
- 2. a description of the exploration area or map at a scale of 1:24,000 or greater, showing the location of drill holes, existing and proposed roads, occupied dwellings, topographic features, bodies of surface water and pipelines
- 3. a statement of the period of intended exploration
- 4. a description of the method of exploration and the practices that will be followed to protect the area from adverse impacts and to reclaim the area in accordance with R645-202.

COAL EXPLORATION

Analysis:

Canyon Fuel Company has submitted a Notice of Intent to the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining to drill three exploration holes. The applicant has submitted the necessary information as it relates to name, address, and telephone number.

The permittee has included a map of the exploration area on a scale of 1'' = 2,000'.

The permittee anticipated drilling DT-1 after July 15, 2001 and will complete reclamation by November 2001. The drilling of drill hole DT-2 will commence after July 15, 2002 and reclamation will be completed by November 2002.

The permittee has described the method of conducting minor exploration on Pages 11-18.

Findings:

The permittee has met the necessary requirements of this section of the exploration rules.

COMPLIANCE DUTIES

Regulatory Reference: 30 CFR 772.13; R645-202.

Minimum Requirements:

All coal exploration and reclamation operations which substantially disturb the land surface or which remove >250 tons of coal will be conducted in accordance with the coal exploration requirements of the State program and any conditions on approval for exploration and reclamation imposed by the Division.

Analysis:

The applicant has agreed to provide a copy of the Notice of Intent to for DOGM for review upon request.

Findings:

The applicant has met the requirements of this section of the coal exploration rules.

OPERATIONAL STANDARDS

Regulatory Reference: 30 CFR 772.13; R645-202-100.

Minimum Requirements:

All exploration which substantially disturbs the natural land surface will have available (while in the exploration area) a copy of the Notice of Intention to Conduct Minor Coal Exploration or Approved Major Coal Exploration Permit for review by an authorized representative of the Division upon request.

Operational standards include:

- 1. protection of unique or high value habitat for fish, wildlife and T&E species
- 2. roads or other transportation facilities used for coal exploration will comply with R645-301 regulations cited in R645-202-232.
- 3. Topsoil will be separately removed, stored, and redistributed on areas disturbed by coal exploration activities to ensure successful revegetation as required by the Division.
- 4. Diversions of overland flows and ephemeral, perennial or intermittent streams will be made in accordance with R645-301-742.300.
- 5. Coal exploration will be conducted in a manner which minimizes disturbance of the prevailing hydrologic balance in accordance with R645-301-regulations cited in R645-202-235. The Division may specific additional measures to be adopted.
- 6. Acid- or toxic-forming materials will be handled and disposed of in accordance with R645 rules specified in R645-202-236.

Analysis:

Biology

Minimal vegetation information is provided in the exploration Notice of Intent (NOI). A statement is provided in the NOI that the vegetation in the exploration area is dominated by pinyon-juniper, mountain shrubs, sagebrush-grass, conifer-aspen, and ponderosa pine communities. The vegetation map in the Dugout Canyon Mining and Reclamation Plan (MRP) show that drill locations DT-1 and DT-2 are within the deciduous stream bank vegetation type.

Drill sites DT-1 and DT-2 are located within 20 feet of the drainage. The drainage is considered intermittent, drying only during the summer months¹. Pace Canyon drainage was monitored in 1978 and the Division's Electronic Water Database indicates the flow to be perennial that year. Pace Canyon appears to be a deep drainage within a well developed riparian zone.

The NOI states that because the drill holes are above 7,400 feet and the area has been heavily grazed, no threatened or endangered plant or animal species are believed to occur. EIS Environmental and Engineering Consulting conducted a survey of the proposed drill sites on June 21, 2001 for four species of concern: the loggerhead shrike, burrowing owl, canyon sweetvetch, and Creutzfeldt cryptanta. The inventory found no suitable habitat for any of the species except the canyon sweetvetch. The sweetvetch was not found within any of the areas to be disturbed.

A survey for the Mexican spotted owl was conducted in Pace Canyon June 18 to July 3, 2001 by EIS Environmental and Engineering Consulting. The survey was conducted using established protocol for the owl. The Mexican spotted owl was not located by the survey even though suitable habitat exists.

The EIS survey did document two saw-whet owls responses. One saw-whet owl was heard near drill hole DT-2. The <u>Utah Field Office Guidelines for Raptor Protection from Human and Land Use Disturbances</u> (Laura Romin and James Muck, May 1999, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Utah Field Office, Salt Lake City) require a 0.25 mile seasonal buffer from March 31 to August 31 for this species. Chris Colt, UDWR², stated that the survey did not locate an owl nest but only the owl's response to a call. The survey did not attempt to locate saw whet owl nests. Mr. Colt stated that if young owls were present then they should be mobile by July 15 in this area. However, Mr. Colt recommended that a one or two night survey is conducted within a 300 meter perimeter of drill pad DT-2 prior to drilling. Limiting drilling to after August 31 or surveying to be sure no nest occurs within 300 meters of the drill pad will ensure compliance with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

Cliff nesting raptor inventory data is not provided. The NOI commits to no drilling until after July 15 to avoid the raptor nesting period. The area is within critical mule deer summer range, but not within the critical fawning period.

¹Phone conversation with Mike Stevenson, ARCH on July 12, 2001.

²Phone conversation on August 10, 2001.

The land use is grazing, logging, and wildlife habitat. Although, I have never visited Pace Canyon, visits to adjacent areas show heavy grazing, logging, and extensive road building for logging operations.

Roads

The applicant will widen and grade some of the existing roads for the transportation of equipment to the drill sites. All roads are classified as ancillary roads. No new roads will be created for the drilling of DT-1 and DT-2. Some of the drill sites under BLM jurisdiction will have newly created roads.

Topsoil

Only general soils information is provided in the NOI. The applicant does commit to removing topsoil and vegetation, storing, protecting, and replacing the soil and vegetation during reclamation. The Division has not required operators to remove the soil on flat road accesses but simply to rip the soil deeply at reclamation.

Diversions of Overland flows and streams

The DT-1 and DT-2 drill holes are located near perennial streams. The drilling of DT-1 and DT-2 will be done on the existing road which is located approximately 25 feet from the stream. Silt fences or straw bales will be used to protect the stream from sediment from the drilling process. Therefore, it will not be necessary to create diversions for this exploration project. The only diversion-type structure is a small shallow trench transporting water from the drill rig to Mud Pit #1.

Hydrologic Balance

Each drill hole site will have two small mud pits for the purpose of retaining drill water. The mud pit dimensions are 20 feet x 10 feet x 6 feet. There will be no discharge of water from the mud pits. The two mud pits combined will self contain all drilling water. The typical impoundment design is P.E. certified by David Spillman with Badge Number 151610. This design is on Figure 5 in the Notice of Intent. This sediment pond does not meet the criteria of a MSHA impoundment. No quarterly inspection will be necessary since each site will be reclaimed within days of the initial pad development.

There is no potential for hazardous conditions from sediment ponds' failure because the ponds are incised and the total volume of each mud pit is only 1,200 cubic feet.

There will be a combination of straw bales and silt fences for sediment control at each drill hole site. The designs are P.E. certified and a typical installation is shown in Figures 1 and 2 of the Notice of Intent.

The hydrologic balance (ground and surface water) for this area should not be affected. As mentioned earlier, there are no ephemeral, perennial, or intermittent streams located near the drill hole

sites. The pad area, where drilling is being performed will be protected by silt fences, berms, or straw bales. This is illustrated in Figure 4 for a typical drill pad construction and layout design.

The ground water for this area is hundreds to thousands of feet below the surface of the exploration site. The small quantity of water which has gathered in the mud pits could not infiltrate the ground water. This conclusion was reaffirmed by the hydrologist for the Dugout Mine on this subject with the Project Lead.

The applicant states that previous exploration drilling in the Dugout Canyon area has encountered groundwater locally. These isolated perched ground water aquifers are occasionally found in the lenticular sandstones of the Price River and Blackhawk Formations, but rarely produce more than one or two gallons per minute.

The mud pits are designed to be self-contained; therefore, water discharge will not occur. The UPDES permit will not be required.

The straw bales/silt fences will be removed upon authorization by DOGM. Stored topsoil will be evenly distributed over the disturbed pad area and the site will be graded back to its approximate original contour.

Acid- or toxic forming materials

The ground water for this area is hundreds to thousands of feet below the surface of the exploration site. The small quantity of water which has gathered in the mud pits could not infiltrate the ground water. This conclusion was reaffirmed by the hydrologist for the Dugout Mine on this subject with the Project Lead.

The applicant stated on Page 18 in the Notice of Intent that, "The mud pits will be greater than four feet deep and sufficiently deep to allow for the burial of potentially acid/toxic materials below a minimum of four feet of cover." If acid/toxic materials occur, the material would be in such small qualities that four feet of cover would meet the requirements of this section.

Findings:

The information provided in the proposed Notice of Intent is not considered adequate to meet the requirements of this section. The following condition must be added to the Notice of Intent:

R645-202-231, drilling of DT-2 is limited to after August 31 but prior to March 1 or a survey may be conducted to be sure no saw-whet owl nest occurs within 300 meters of the drill pad.

RECLAMATION STANDARDS

Regulatory Reference: 30 CFR 772.13; R645-202-200.

Minimum Requirements:

Reclamation standards include:

- returning the grade to the approximate original contour, promptly.
- revegetating in a manner that encourages pr9ompt revegetation and recovery of a diverse, effective, and permanent vegetative cover.
- Revegetation will be accomplished by seeding or planting the same seasonal variety of species native to the area disturbed. Or if the land use is agriculture, planting of the crops normally grown.
- The vegetative cover will be capable of stabilizing the soil surface from erosion.
- Boreholes and wells an other exposed underground openings will be reclaimed in accordance with the R645 regulations specified in R645-202-243.
- Facilities and equipment will be promptly removed from the exploration area when no longer needed except for
 those facilities and equipment that the Division determines may remain to provide additional environmental data;
 reduce or control the on-site or off-site effects of the exploration; or facilitate future coal mining and reclamation
 operations.

Analysis:

Approximate original contour

A small amount of earth work will be required for the construction of the drill pads. The major earth work will involve digging out two mud pits at each site. These dimensions are 20 feet x 10 feet x 6 feet. The applicant has committed to reclaiming the sites to the approximate original contour.

Revegetation

After topsoil replacement, the site will be lightly roughened and then seeded. The Division recommends the use of extreme surface roughening. Extreme roughening reduces or eliminates surface water runoff and retains the water on site for seed germination and plant growth. In addition, it greatly reduces the occurrence of off-road vehicle vandalism.

The below listed seed mixture will be used except Northern sweetvetch is not available in the 2001 seed year. An attempt should be made to include this sweetvetch seed in the 2002 application.

<u>Species</u>	PLS lbs/Acre
Western wheatgrass (Agropyron smithii)	2
Bluebunch wheatgrass (Agropyron spicatum)	2
Indian ricegrass (Oryzopsis hymenoides)	2
Thickspike wheatgrass (Agropyron lanceolatus)	2
Kentucky bluegrass (Poa pratensis)	0.5
Northern sweetvetch (Hedysarum boreale)	1
Pacific aster (Aster chilensis)	0.1
Fourwing saltbush (Atriplex canesces)	2
Bitterbrush (Purshia tridentata)	2
Total	13.6

Boreholes

The hole plugging method described in 43 CFR II 3484.1(a) will be used for all holes. Each hole will be plugged with cement through mineable thick coal beds and aquifers for a distance of at least 50 feet above and below.

The drill holes DT-1 and DT-2 will be located east of the existing water monitoring wells. This will be a new block of coal having no water monitoring wells for ground water. If the significant flow of water from any of the two drill holes (DT-1 and DT-2), the applicant will make one of these wells into a groundwater monitoring well. The groundwater monitoring well will need to be incorporated in the Mining and Reclamation Plan for the Dugout Mine.

Facilities and Equipment

Reclamation will be conducted concurrently with the drilling operations and continue for a few weeks after completion of the last drill hole as stated on Page 14 in the Notice of Intent. The applicant will be moving the drilling equipment from one pad area to the next until finished with the project. No facilities or equipment will be left on the drill sites.

Findings:

The information provided in the proposed Notice of Intent is considered adequate to meet the requirements of this section.

PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION

Regulatory Reference: 30 CFR 772.15;R645-203.

Minimum Requirements:

All information submitted to the Division will be available for public inspection and copying at the Division except when the person submitting the information requests in writing, at the time of submission, that it not be disclosed and the information contains trade secrets or is privileged commercial or financial information relating to the competitive rights of the person conducting the exploration.

Information requested to be held as confidential will not be made publicly available until after notice and opportunity to be heard is afforded both persons seeking and opposing disclosure of the information

Analysis:

The applicant has stated on Page 18 in the Notice of Intent that information related to coal exploration activities be kept confidential and not be disclosed or made available for pubic inspection. The permittee is requesting the Notice of Intent document be kept confidential.

Findings:

The applicant has met the requirements of this section in the Coal Exploration Rules.